

## Attachment 19: Quarantine Requirements for the Importation of Biological Materials for Research Purposes

1. Terms used in this set of Quarantine Requirements are defined as follows:

1.1 Biological materials:

1.1.1 Specimens of animal origin;

1.1.2 Infectious animal disease pathogens; and

1.1.3 Materials that contain infectious animal disease pathogens, but inactivated biological preparations are excluded.

1.2 Specimens of animal origin (hereinafter referred to as the “specimens”): The specimens such as tissues, organs, body fluid, blood (including serum and plasma), excretions, secretions, or materials in respiratory tracts or digestive tracts, which are collected from terrestrial animals of Mammalian (excluding humans), Aves, live fishes listed in the annex of the “Quarantine Requirements for the Importation of Live Fish and Their Gametes and Fertilized Eggs” and aquatic animal listed in the annex of the “Quarantine Requirements for the Importation of Live Crustaceans and Molluscs”. But the aforementioned formalin-fixed specimens and derivatives of specimens such as cell (lines), commercial serum products for the purpose of use of antibodies (antiserums) and complements, albumins, enzymes, complements, interferons, biotin, bile salts, collagens, and others derivatives are excluded.

1.3 Infectious animal disease pathogens (hereinafter referred to as the “pathogens”): Materials that contain pathogens listed in the Annex of “List of Infectious Animal Disease Pathogens Imported for Research Purposes” or nucleic acids of the above-mentioned pathogens.

2.

2.1 The application for the importation of biological materials has to be submitted by the establishments of government agencies, public or private enterprises, educational institutions or juridical persons (hereinafter all referred to as the “applicant(s)”) prior to the import with the completed application form to the export/import animal quarantine authority of the importing country for review or implementing import risk analysis with relevant information attached for issuing the official approval regarding quarantine requirements. The biological materials cannot be imported until the application is approved. According to the quarantine requirements stipulated in Article 4, applicants shall apply for the quarantine inspection upon approval when consignment arrived. Applicants shall additionally provide information required by the import/export animal quarantine authority of the importing country for reviewing or conducting risk analyses. The applicants of blood samples of dogs/cats (including serum and plasma) can be natural persons.

2.2 For importing pathogens of high risks listed in the annex mentioned in Article 2.1,

biological materials that contain pathogens of high risks or specimens originating from animals that are suffering or suspected of suffering from pathogens of high risks listed in the Annex, excluding non-transmissible biological materials, applicants have to be the post-entry users and shall submit the following documents:

- 2.2.1 The document attesting that the applicants and post-entry storage facilities have been qualified as biosafety level 3 or higher level laboratories according to the “Regulations Governing the Management of Infectious Biological Materials” or “Regulations Governing the Management of Animal Infectious Biological Materials”. The Animal Health Research Institute, Council of Agriculture, Executive Yuan is not subject to this Paragraph of the requirement.
- 2.2.2 Applicants and post-entry storage facilities shall provide the permit issued by the committee members or designated personnel of the biosafety committees that are set in accordance with the regulations mentioned in the Article 2.2.1.
3. For the importation of biological materials, the following requirements shall be complied with:
  - 3.1 The exporters shall be government agencies, research institutions of educational institutions or juridical persons recognized by the competent authorities of the exporting country;
  - 3.2 Other designated quarantine requirements are requested by the import/export animal quarantine authority of the importing country according to the results of review or risk analyses of importation;
  - 3.3 For the importation of tonsils, distal ileum, brains, eyes, spinal cord, skull, and vertebral columns of bovine (*Bos taurus* and *B. indicus*), and their derivative specimens, the country of origin of bovine shall be the counties (zones) that are not recognized by the central competent authority of the importing country as countries (zones) with BSE reported case(s) and have negligible BSE-risk status;
  - 3.4 The packages and labels of the biological materials shall be in compliance with the latest version of “Guidance on Regulations for the Transport of Infectious Substances” published by the World Health Organization (WHO). The contents of the consignment shall be labeled on the outside packages; and
  - 3.5 The transportation shall be in compliance with the regulations of the International Air Transport Association (IATA).
4. On arrival of each consignment at the port of entry, the importer(s) shall apply quarantine inspection to the import/export animal quarantine authority of the importing country and submit the original veterinary certificate issued by the animal quarantine authority of the exporting country or declarations of origin issued by the organization(s) of origin. The declarations of origin are not acceptable for the imports of specimens stipulated in Article 3.3.
5. The original veterinary certificates of the exporting country or declaration of origin

mentioned in Article 4 shall state the following requirements in English and Chinese:

5.1 Origin of commodity:

5.1.1 Name of the consignment;

5.1.2 The exporting country;

5.1.3 Name and address of the exporter;

5.2 Destination:

5.2.1 Country of destination; and

5.2.2 Name and address of the importer.

5.3 Result of the quarantine:

5.3.1 Statement attesting that exporters are government agencies, research institutions of educational institutions or juridical persons recognized by the competent authorities of the exporting country.

5.3.2 Statement attesting that the consignment fulfills the requirements stipulated in Article 3.2, excluding those that are not requested by the import/export animal quarantine authority of the importing country.

5.3.3 For importation of consignment stipulated in Article 3.3, the countries which cattle originate from shall be stated on the original veterinary certificates of the exporting country.

5.4 Date of issuance, name and official stamp of the issuing authority, name and signature of the issuing officer or supervisor must be stated on the original veterinary certificates of the exporting country.

5.5 Date of issuance, name and official stamp of the issuing organization(s) of origin, name and signature of the responsible person must be stated on the declarations of origin.

6. The reshipment, destruction or other safety quarantine measures may be taken by the import/export animal quarantine authority of the importing country if the consignment falls into one of the following conditions:

6.1 Any non-compliance with the quarantine requirements.

6.2 Any broken, leakage or the illegible labels are found on the packages.

7. The importation of biological materials for human use or veterinary drugs approved by a competent authority of the importing country shall be exempted from animal quarantine.

### Annex: List of Infectious Animal Disease Pathogens Imported for Research Purposes

No.	Names of Animal Diseases	Pathogens	Risk Level of Importation
High 1	Rift Valley fever	Rift Valley fever virus, Phlebovirus, Bunyaviridae	High
High 2	Rift Valley fever	Rift Valley fever virus vaccine strain MP-12, Phlebovirus, Bunyaviridae	High
High 3	Rinderpest	Rinderpest virus, Morbillivirus, Paramyxovirinae, Paramyxoviridae	High
High 4	Tularemia	<i>Francisella tularensis</i>	High
High 5	Vesicular stomatitis	Vesicular stomatitis virus, including New Jersey virus(NJ VSV) and Indiana virus [including IND-1 VSV (classical IND virus, VSIV), IND-2 VSV (cocal virus, COCV) and IND-3 VSV (Alagoas virus, VSAV)]	High
High6	West Nile fever	West Nile virus, <i>Flavivirus</i> , <i>Flaviviridae</i>	High
High 7	Foot and mouth disease	Foot and mouth disease virus, <i>Aphthovirus</i> , <i>Picornaviridae</i>	High
High 8	Highly pathogenic avian influenza	HPAI Influenza A virus, Orthomyxoviridae (excluding vaccine strain)	High
High 9	Highly pathogenic avian influenza	vaccine strain of HPAI Influenza A virus, Orthomyxoviridae	High
High 10	Low pathogenic avian influenza (H7N9 subtype)	non-vaccine strain of LPAI H7N9 subtype Influenza A virus, <i>Orthomyxoviridae</i>	High
High 11	Haemorrhagic septicaemia	<i>Pasteurella multocida</i> type B buffalo strains and other type B human virulent strains (only for B:2, B:3, B:4 and B:5)	High
High 12	Lumpy skin disease (caused by group III virus, type Neethling)	Lumpy skin disease virus, <i>Capripoxvirus</i> , <i>Poxviridae</i>	High
High 13	Bovine brucellosis (Brucella abortus)	<i>Brucella abortus</i>	High

High 14	Bovine spongiform encephalopathy	Prions of BSE	High
High 15	Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia	<i>Mycoplasma mycoides</i>	High
High 16	African horse sickness	African horse sickness virus, <i>Orbivirus</i> , <i>Reoviridae</i>	High
High 17	Glanders	<i>Burkholderia mallei</i>	High
High 18	Equine encephalomyelitis (Venezuelan)	Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis virus, Alphavirus , Togaviridae	High
High 19	Equine encephalomyelitis (Eastern)	Eastern equine encephalitis virus, Alphavirus, Togaviridae	High
High 20	Equine encephalomyelitis (Western )	Western equine encephalomyelitis virus, Alphavirus, Togaviridae	High
High 21	Caprine and ovine brucellosis ( <i>Brucella melitensis</i> )	<i>Brucella melitensis</i>	High
High 22	Peste des petits ruminants	Peste des petits ruminants virus, Morbillivirus, Paramyxoviridae	High
High 23	Scrapie	Prions of Scrapie	High
High 24	African swine fever	African swine fever virus, Asfivirus, Asfarviridae	High
High 25	Porcine brucellosis ( <i>Brucella suis</i> )	<i>Brucella suis</i>	High
High 26	Q fever	<i>Coxiella burnetii</i>	High
High 27	Nipah virus encephalitis	Nipah virus(NiV), Henipavirus, Paramyxoviridae	High
High 28	Crimean Congo haemorrhagic fever	Crimean-Congo hemorrhagic fever virus, Nairovirus, Bunyaviridae	High
High 29	Hendra virus infection	Hendra virus(HeV), Henipavirus, Paramyxovirinae, Paramyxoviridae	High
Low 1	Rabies	Rabies virus, Lyssavirus, Rhabdoviridae	low
Low 2	Anthrax	<i>Bacillus anthracis</i>	low
Low 3	Trichinellosis	<i>Trichinella spiralis</i> , <i>T. nativa</i> , <i>T. nelsoni</i> , <i>T. pseudospiralis</i>	low
Low 4	Aujeszky's disease (Pseudorabies)	Pseudorabies virus, Porcine Herpesvirus 1, Alpha herpesvirinae, Herpesviridae	low
Low 5	Bluetongue	Bluetongue virus, Orbivirus, Reoviridae	low

Low 6	Echinococcosis/Hydatidosis	<i>Echinococcus granulosus</i> , <i>E. multilocularis</i> , <i>E. vogeli</i> , <i>E. oligarthrus</i>	low
Low 7	Heartwater	<i>Cowdria ruminantium</i> (Ehrlichia ruminantium)	low
Low 8	Japanese encephalitis	Japanese encephalitis virus, Flavivirus, Flaviviridae	low
Low 9	New world screwworm	<i>Cochliomyia hominivorax</i>	low
Low 10	Old world screwworm	<i>Chrysomya bezziana</i>	low
Low 11	Paratuberculosis (Johne's disease)	<i>Mycobacterium paratuberculosis</i>	low
Low 12	Acarapisosis of honey bees	<i>Acarapis woodi</i> (tracheal mite)	low
Low 13	American foulbrood of honey bees	<i>Paenibacillus larvae</i> ssp. <i>Larvae</i>	low
Low 14	European foulbrood of honey bees	<i>Melissococcus plutonius</i>	low
Low 15	Small hive beetle	<i>Aethina tumida</i>	low
Low 16	Tropilaelaps infestation of honey bees	<i>Tropilaelaps clareae</i> , <i>T. koenigerum</i> , <i>T. thaii</i> , <i>T. mercedesae</i>	low
Low 17	Varroosis of honey bees	<i>Varroa destructor</i>	low
Low 18	Avian chlamydiosis	<i>Chlamydophila psittaci</i>	low
Low 19	Newcastle disease	Newcastle disease virus, Avian paramyxovirus 1, Avulavirus, Paramyxoviridae	low
Low 20	Avian Infectious bronchitis	Avian Infectious bronchitis virus, Avian Coronavirus, Coronaviridae	low
Low 21	Avian Infectious laryngotracheitis	Avian Infectious laryngotracheitis virus, Gallid herpesvirus 1, Alphaherpesvirinae, Herpesviridae	low
Low 22	Low pathogenic avian influenza (H5/H7 subtype)	LPAI H5/H7 subtype Influenza A virus, Orthomyxoviridae	low
Low 23	Avian Mycoplasmosis ( <i>Mycoplasma gallisepticum</i> )	<i>Mycoplasma gallisepticum</i>	low
Low 24	Duck virus hepatitis	Avian enteroviruses, Enterovirus, Picornaviridae	low
Low 25	Fowl typhoid	<i>Salmonella gallinarum</i>	low
Low 26	Pullorum disease	<i>Salmonella pullorum</i>	low

Low 27	Infectious bursal disease (Gumboro disease)	Infectious bursal disease virus, <i>Avibirnavirus</i> , <i>Birnaviridae</i>	low
Low 28	Bovine anaplasmosis	<i>Anaplasma marginale</i> , <i>A. centrale</i> , <i>A. ovis</i>	low
Low 29	Haemorrhagic septicaemia	<i>Pasteurella multocida</i> type B:2(corresponding to 6:B or Asian serotype), B:3, B:4, B:5, E:2 (corresponding to 6:E or African serotype), but excluding type B buffalo and other human virulent strains	low
Low 30	Infectious bovine rhinotracheitis (Infectious pustular vulvovaginitis)	Infectious bovine rhinotracheitis virus/Infectious pustular vulvovaginitis virus, Bovine herpesvirus 1, Alphaherpesvirinae, Herpesviridae	low
Low 31	Theileriosis	<i>Theileria parva</i> , <i>T. annulata</i>	low
Low 32	Trichomonosis	<i>Trichomonas foetus</i>	low
Low 33	Bovine babesiosis	<i>Babesia bovis</i> , <i>B. bigemina</i> , <i>B. divergens</i> , <i>B. major</i> , <i>B. ovata</i>	low
Low 34	Bovine genital campylobacteriosis	<i>Campylobacter fetus</i> subsp <i>veneralis</i>	low
Low 35	Enzootic bovine leukosis	Bovine leukemia virus, Deltaretrovirus, Retroviridae	low
Low 36	Contagious equine metritis	<i>Taylorella equigenitalis</i>	low
Low 37	Dourine	<i>Trypanosoma equiperdum</i>	low
Low 38	Equine Infectious anaemia	Equine infectious anemia virus, Lentivirus, Retroviridae	low
Low 39	Equine influenza	Equi-1 H7N7 & Equi-2 H3N8, Influenza virus A, Orthomyxoviridae	low
Low 40	Equine piroplasmosis	<i>Babesia equi</i> , <i>Babesia caballi</i>	low
Low 41	Equine rhinopneumonitis	Equine herpesvirus 1, Alphaherpesvirinae, Herpesviridae	low
Low 42	Equine viral arteritis	Equine arteritis virus, Arterivirus, Arteriviridae	low
Low 43	Myxomatosis	Myxoma virus, Leporipoxvirus, Poxviridae	low
Low 44	Rabbit haemorrhagic disease	Rabbit haemorrhagic disease virus, Lagovirus, Caliciviridae	low
Low 45	Sheep pox and goat pox	Sheep pox virus, Goat pox virus, Capripoxvirus, Poxviridae	low

Low 46	Caprine arthritis/encephalitis ( CAE )	Caprine arthritis/encephalitis virus, Lentivirus, Retroviridae	low
Low 47	Contagious agalactia	<i>Mycoplasma agalactiae</i> , <i>M. capricolum</i> , <i>M. mycoides</i> subsp. <i>mycoides</i> , <i>M. putrefaciens</i>	low
Low 48	Contagious caprine pleuropneumonia ( CCpp )	<i>Mycoplasma mycoides</i> subsp. <i>mycoides</i> , <i>M. mycoides</i> subsp. <i>capricolum</i> , <i>M. mycoides</i> subsp. <i>capri</i> , <i>Mycoplasma</i> biotype F38	low
Low 49	Enzootic abortion of ewes (ovine chlamydiosis, Chlamydophila abortus infection, Enzootic abortion of ewes, ovine chlamydiosis)	<i>Chlamydophila abortus</i>	low
Low 50	Maedi-visna ( Ovine Progressive Pneumonia, OPP )	Maedi/visna virus, <i>Lentivirus</i> , <i>Retroviridae</i>	low
Low 51	Ovine epididymitis	<i>Brucella ovis</i>	low
Low 52	Swine vesicular disease	Swine vesicular disease virus, Enterovirus, Picornaviridae	low
Low 53	Transmissible gastroenteritis	Transmissible gastroenteritis virus, mammalian <i>Coronavirus</i> , Coronaviridae	low
Low 54	Bovine tuberculosis	<i>Mycobacterium bovis</i>	low
Low 55	Bovine tuberculosis	<i>Mycobacterium bovis</i> BCG vaccine strain	low
Low 56	Surra	<i>Trypanosoma evansi</i>	low
Low 57	Epizootic haemorrhagic disease	Epizootic haemorrhagic disease of deer viruses 1-7, <i>Orbivirus</i> , <i>Reoviridae</i>	low
Low 58	Leishmaniosis	<i>Leishmania</i> spp.	low
Low 59	Turkey rhinotracheitis	Turkey rhinotracheitis virus, Metapneumovirus, Paramyxoviridae	low
Low 60	Avian Mycoplasmosis ( <i>Mycoplasma synoviae</i> )	<i>Mycoplasma synoviae</i>	low
Low 61	Trypanosomosis (tsetse-transmitted)	<i>Trypanosoma congolense</i> , <i>T. vivax</i> , <i>T. brucei</i> <i>brucei</i>	low
Low 62	Bovine viral diarrhea	Bovine viral diarrhea virus, Pestivirus, Flaviviridae	low



Low 63	Salmonellosis ( <i>S. abortusovis</i> )	<i>Salmonella abortusovis</i>	low
Low 64	Nairobi sheep disease	Nairobi sheep disease virus, Nairovirus, Bunyaviridae	low
Low 65	Porcine cysticercosis	<i>Taenia solium</i>	low
Low 66	Classical swine fever (Hog cholera)	Classical swine fever virus (Hog cholera virus), Pestivirus, Flaviviridae	low
Low 67	Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome	Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome virus, Arterivirus, Arteriviridae	low
Low 68	Camelpox	Camelpox virus, Orthopoxvirus, Poxviridae	low
Low 69	Leptospirosis	<i>Leptospira</i> spp. ( <i>icterohaemorrhagiae</i> , <i>canicola</i> , <i>pomona</i> , <i>grippotyphosa</i> , and <i>bratislava</i> etc.)	low
Low 70	Nosemosis of honey bees (Nosemosis disease)	<i>Nosema apis</i> & <i>Nosema ceranae</i>	low
Low 71	Fowl pox	Fowlpox virus, Avipoxvirus, Poxviridae	low
Low 72	Marek's disease	Marek's disease virus (MDV), Alphaherpesvirus, Herpesviridae	low
Low 73	Avian tuberculosis	<i>Mycobacterium avium</i> (serotypes 1, 2 and 3) and <i>M. genavense</i>	low
Low 74	Duck virus enteritis	Duck virus enteritis virus (DEV or anatid herpesvirus-1) , Alphaherpesvirinae, Herpesviridae	low
Low 75	Fowl cholera	<i>Pasteurella multocida</i> type A, B( excluding B:2, B:3, B:4, B:5), D, F	low
Low 76	Dermatophilosis	<i>Dermatophilus congolensis</i>	low
Low 77	Malignant catarrhal fever	Alcelaphine herpesvirus-1 ( AlHV-1) and ovine herpesvirus-2 ( OvHV-2), Gammaherpesvirinae, Herpesviridae	low
Low 78	Bovine cysticercosis	<i>Taenia saginata</i>	low
Low 79	Horse mange	<i>Mange</i> mites ( <i>Cheyletiell</i> aspp. , <i>Chorioptes</i> aspp., <i>Demodex</i> aspp., <i>Knemidokoptes</i> aspp., <i>Notoedres</i> aspp., <i>Otodectes</i> aspp., <i>Psorobia</i> aspp., <i>Psoroptes</i> aspp., and <i>Sarcoptes</i> aspp.)	low
Low 80	Horse pox	Horse poxvirus, Orthopoxvirus, Poxviridae	low

Low 81	Epizootic lymphangitis (Enzootic lymphangitis)	<i>Histoplasma farciminosum</i>	low
Low 82	Border disease	<i>Border disease virus</i> , Pestivirus, Flaviviridae	low
Low 83	Ovine pulmonary adenocarcinoma (OPA, adenomatosis, jaagsiekte)	Jaagsiekte sheep retrovirus (JSRV), Betaretrovirus, Retroviridae	low
Low 84	Teschovirus encephalomyelitis (previously enterovirus encephalomyelitis or Teschen / Talfan disease)	<i>Porcine teschovirus</i> , Teschovirus, Picornaviridae	low
Low 85	Swine influenza	Swine influenza virus, Influenza virus <i>A</i> , <i>Orthomyxoviridae</i>	low
Low 86	Bunyaviral diseases (Akabane virus)	<i>Akabane virus</i> , <i>Orthobunyavirus</i> , <i>Bunyaviridae</i>	low
Low 87	Bunyaviral diseases (Cache Valley virus)	<i>Cache Valley virus (CVV)</i> , <i>Nairovirus</i> , <i>Bunyaviridae</i>	low
Low 88	Toxoplasmosis	<i>Toxoplasma gondii</i>	low
Low 89	Haemorrhagic colibacillosis	Verocytotoxigenic <i>Escherichia coli</i>	low
Low 90	Campylobacteriosis	<i>Campylobacter jejuni</i> and <i>campylobacter</i> <i>coli</i>	low
Low 91	Cryptosporidiosis	<i>Cryptosporidium parvum</i> , <i>C. andersoni</i> , <i>C. baileyi</i> , <i>C. meleagridis</i> and <i>C. galli</i>	low
Low 92	Listeriosis	<i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	low
Low 93	Vesicular exanthema	Vesicular exanthema of swine virus, Vesivirus, Caliciviridae	low
Low 94	Bovine ephemeral fever	Bovine ephemeral fever virus, Ephemerovirus, Rhabdoviridae	low
Low 95	Contagious pustular dermatitis(Orf)	Orf virus, Parapoxvirus, Poxviridae	low
Low 96	Waterfowl parvovirus infection	Goose parvovirus and duck parvovirus, Parvovirus, Parvoviridae	low
Low 97	Infection with <i>Batrachochytrium</i> <i>dendrobatidis</i>	<i>Batrachochytrium dendrobatidis</i>	low
Low 98	Infection with ranavirus	Frog Virus 3 (FV-3), Ranavirus, Iridoviridae	low

Low 99	Crayfish plaque ( <i>Aphanomyces astaci</i> )	<i>Aphanomyces astaci</i>	low
Low 100	Infectious hypodermal and haematopoietic necrosis	Infectious hypodermal and haematopoietic necrosis virus	low
Low 101	Infectious myonecrosis	Infectious Myonecrosis Virus	low
Low 102	Necrotising hepatopancreatitis	Necrotizing hepatopancreatitis bacterium	low
Low 103	Taura syndrome	Taura syndrome virus	low
Low 104	White spot disease	White spot syndrome virus	low
Low 105	White tail disease	<i>Macrobrachium rosenbergii nodavirus</i>	low
Low 106	Yellow head disease	Yellowhead virus	low
Low 107	Epizootic haematopoietic necrosis	Ranavirus, Iridoviridae	low
Low 108	Epizootic ulcerative syndrome	<i>Aphanomyces invadans</i> and <i>A. piscicida</i>	low
Low 109	Infection with <i>Gyrodactylus</i> <i>salaris</i> (Gyrodactylosis)	<i>Gyrodactylus salaris</i>	low
Low 110	Infectious haematopoietic necrosis	Infectious haematopoietic necrosis virus, Novirhabdovirus, Rhabdoviridae	low
Low 111	Infectious salmon anemia	Infectious salmon anemia virus, Isavirus, Orthomyxoviridae	low
Low 112	Koi herpesvirus disease	Koi herpesvirus, <i>Herpesviridae</i>	low
Low 113	Red sea bream iridoviral disease	Red sea bream iridovirus	low
Low 114	Spring viremia of carp	Spring viremia of carp virus, <i>Rhabdovirus carpio</i> , <i>Rhabdoviridae</i>	low
Low 115	Viral haemorrhagic septicaemia	Viral haemorrhagic septecemia virus (Egtved virus), <i>Novirhabdovirus</i> , <i>Rhabdoviridae</i>	low
Low 116	Infection with abalone herpesvirus	Abalone herpesvirus	low
Low 117	Infection with <i>Bonamia</i> <i>exitiosa</i>	<i>Bonamia exitiosa</i>	low
Low 118	Infection with <i>Bonamia</i> <i>ostreae</i>	<i>Bonamia ostreae</i>	low
Low 119	Infection with <i>Marteilia</i> <i>refringens</i>	<i>Marteilia refringens</i>	low

Low 120	Infection with <i>Perkinsus marinus</i>	<i>Perkinsus marinus</i>	low
Low 121	Infection with <i>Perkinsus olseni</i>	<i>Perkinsus olseni</i>	low
Low 122	Infection with <i>Xenohaliotis californiensis</i>	<i>Xenohaliotis californiensis</i>	low
Low 123	Tetrahedral baculovirosis ( <i>Baculovirus penaei</i> )	<i>Baculovirus penaei</i>	low
Low 124	Spherical baculovirosis (Penaeus monodon- type baculovirus)	Penaeus monodon-type baculovirus [ <i>P. monodon</i> baculovirus ][ <i>P. monodon</i> NPV, or PemoNPV]	low
Low 125	Oncorhynchus masou virus disease	Oncorhynchus masou virus, Herpesvirus[also been given the name Nerka virus Towada Lake, Akita and Amori Prefecture (NeVTA), yamame tumour virus (YTV), coho salmon tumour virus (CSTV, COTV), O. kisutch virus (OKV), coho salmon herpesvirus (CHV), rainbow trout kidney virus (RKV), and rainbow trout herpesvirus (RHV)]	low
Low 126	Grouper Nervous necrosis virus infection [Viral encephalopathy and retinopathy (VER), viral nervous necrosis (VNN)]	Barfin flounder nervous necrosis virus/ Redspotted grouper nervous necrosis virus/ Striped jack nervous necrosis virus/ Tiger puffer nervous necrosis virus, <i>Betanodavirus</i> , <i>Nodaviridae</i>	low
Low 127	Infection with Mikrocytos mackini (Denman Island Disease in oysters)	<i>Mikrocytos mackini</i>	low
Low 128	Infection with ostreid herpesvirus 1	Ostreid herpesvirus 1 (OsHV-1)	low